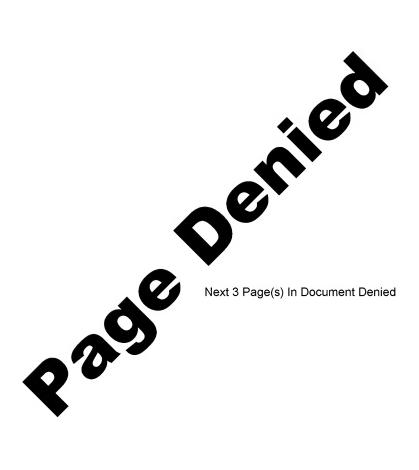
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Danube Harbors	NO. OF PAGES	NO. OF ENCLS.		
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- 1. Rumanian Harbors on the Danube of Kalarash is located on the left bank of the Danube in the Borea. Villages below Silistra on the right bank are Ostrov, Citina where much food is leaded on ships, Murlyano /pic/where food is also experted, as it is from Rassva, Boyaschik for bread grain shipments, and Topal with a small harbor for food expert. The town of Khurshova is a relatively large harbor and experts much food. The city Cherna Voda here there is a bridge / over / Borea River which passes the swamp and across the Danube / sig./
- 2. On the left bank is Kalarash and the following villages: Pio Petre, and Chislik Punktuble, both used to expert food, Gura Garautsi, Stankutsa, and Punktebish to expert food occasionally. The town of Braila is on the left bank and is simultaneously a Danube and Black Sea Herbor. Seagoing vessels of one thousand to 1200 tons are loaded with food, lumber such as planks, beams, etc. Goods unloaded in this harbor include rice, colonial goods / such as coffee, where / and manufactured goods. In this harbor there is an estuary where Danube and seagoing vessels spend the winter. There is a large sile for food and fodder, a large storage place for textile goods and colonial goods, a seal dump, and five shipyards.
- 3. The town of Galati on the left bank of the Danube is a large harbor. It the estuary of this harbor there is a large sile, several stores for textile and colonial goods. Outside the harbor there are large store houses. The estuary is used to load lumber on seagoing vessels. The shippard builds Danube and stagoing vessels, including naval vessels and submarines.
- 4. The term of Remina is on the left bank of the river in Besarabia. This is a Soviet harbor where much food, tobacco, machines, pulp, cement, iron ore, etc are leaded, originating from the Soviet Satellite countries. There is a large sile for food and large underground and surface gasoline tanks. The Soviet navel flotilla and frontier army is located here.
- 5. The town of Isaccea, on the right bank, is used to load lumber. The town of Tulcea, on the right bank, has a large hide processing factory and a shipyard for Rumanian fishermen in the Damube delta. The town of Sulina is on the left bank with a shipyard for Damube and Seagoing vessels.

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- 6. The town of Izmail bas a Soviet harbor near Kiliyski, where there is a large silo and where many goods from the Satellites are unleaded. There is a maval flotilla here, both on the Baaube and on the Black Sea, and near the bank scagoing vessels and dredges may spend the winter. It is called Kupama Balka. Nearby there is an estuary used by the Soviet Naval fleet during the winter. In this harber the Directorate of the Soviet Danube fleet is located. Above the harbor there is a shippard for small scale repair of ships and barges. The harbor town Nova Kiliya is near Kiliyski on the left bank and is also a Soviet harbor. There is an estuary between the island and bank which is used by Danube and seagoing vessels, as well as barges, during the winter period. In the canal itself there is a silo and a shippard for maval and river vessels. Soviet infantry and tank units are stationed here. The Rumanian fishing center, Stara Kiliya, on the right bank is near Kiliyski Bay. Vulkov village on the left bank near Kiliyski Bay is a Soviet harbor. Below the harbor there is a large canal. This is a main base for Soviet seagoing and rivergoing naval vessels. This Soviet fleet conceals itself in a canal known as Ochokov. It is a fishing seater.
- 7. Rumanian harbors upstress from Kalarash include the city of Oltenita below Tutrakan and three km from it. There is a shippard for new construction and for repair of ships and barges. Here food and gravel and stones for highway construction are loaded.
- 8. Gyurgevo is one km from Ruse. There are many petroleum and oil tanks here, connected by subterranean pipelines directly with refineries in Purishti and Kumpina. There is a shipyard for the construction of new ships and for repair work, a large sugar factory called Danebiyana, and a refinery for gasoline, petroleum and oil. The estuary was used by the Bulgarian ferryboat, Sofia, which travelled between Ruse and Gyurgevo. Two large storehouses are here, four electric cranes, a custous house, the harbor administration, a railroad station, postoffice, police station, a passport section and a frontier military point, frontier post.
- 9. In Ramadam region opposite Ruse, there are five tanks for gasoline, petroleum, and oil, surrounded by a one m thick comerate wall.

  Zimmites is opposite Swishtow. It has a sile for bread grain and much food is exported. Turnu-Nugireli is opposite Nikopol. It has a sile for cleaning and storing of bread grains. There is an estuary at this point where ships and barges spend the winter. The town of Korabiya is located opposite Magura, and there (Nikopol Okeliya). It has a sile for cleaning bread grain. Imper, salt, grain, and food, are loaded here intended for Bulgaria. The village of Bistrets is located opposite Gurni Tsibur. Much bread grain is transported here. The village of Rast opposite Island is used to export food but there is no sile in this harbor. Nebuna is opposite Skownys and wood from acacia trees is exported. The village Desa, opposite Abohar Falanka, is used to load bread grain. The village of Chuperchen is a spend the winter. Much lumber is loaded here for heating purposes.
- 10. Kalasat three km above Vidin experts quantities of food. It is also a transfer point for goods which come via Bulgarian forryboat from Vidin intended for the Satellite countries. The harbor includes police, a frontier guard and a custems administration. The village of Muglavit is opposite Kirembek. Much lumber is leaded at this harbor. The village Chitape is opposite Koshasa and is used for loading bread grain. The village Vrapa is opposite Novo-Sele, Vidin Ckoliya. Much lumber is loaded here. The village Curla Mare, opposite Vrukh, handles food cargoes.
- 11. The Yugoslav and Rumanian section of the Damube starts at the village of Pristol, exactly opposite the mouth of the Delta Timok River. It is the beginning of the frontier between Yugoslavia and Rumania on the Danube. Grafa is the first Rumanian harbor opposite Mucoslavia. Here food, humber for construction and heating is loaded. Gegena is not a big barbor but bread grains are exported and imported here. The village

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of Ostrova Mare is located on an island of the same name. Only a small ferryboat is available which runs between the island and the shore. The majority of the population of this village are sailors. Tsigenash is also only a place at which lumber is loaded. Kriving [510] is a large village without a harbor, but an important point for loading lumber and bread grain. Much of the population are sailors. Steamships stop here to take on passengers. Vrancha [51] to also a step to take on passengers. The village is large, but there is no harbor. The village Batotsi is also a passenger stop. Very little lumber is loaded here. Bistritsa/sic/village is 1.5 km away from the Panube but barges stop here to go through the Shimiyan canal. There are many Bulgarian gardeness here.

- 12. The willage of Shimiyan has the same name as the canal and island. Here the water of the Danube is very fast and ships cannot pull more than three barges. Turno Severin is a large harbor where all ships take on special pilots (Intana) for going through the Zhelevnitevratr (iron gates). The distance from these iron gates to Turnu-Severin is 120 km. The harbor has a shipyard which builds Danube and seagoing vessels and performs repair work on ships. A second shipyard is located between Turno-Severin and Skele Sklabovi. It builds ships and barges for the Danube and seagoing vessels cut of lumber and iron. Mainly food and lumber for construction and heating are shipped. The harbor does not have an estuary, but had it or unloaded ships and barges may winter here if it is cold enough for the Danube to freeze. The harbor is directed completely by Soviets who have military units stationed here.
- 13. A Yugoslav harbor on the Banube beyond the Bulgarian border is Radujevac. This is not actually a harbor, but an important place for loading of alcoholic beverages such as wine and brandy, as well as fruit and fowls for the interior of Mugoslavia. Passengers who go to Semun near Belgrade board ships here. Frahove is a harbor with two cranes, an electric and a steam crane, and a railroad station. Iron ore for export and for the interior of Yugoslavia are loaded here, as well as wine and brandy. A new estuary for ships and barges spending the winter months has been built here. There is a customs house, a narbor administration, a post office, and militia in this harbor. Ko jak includes two store houses for unloading salt and for expert of tobacco, while alcoholic beverages, dry grapes and raisins are loaded here. Mihailovac is a for lumber, alsoholis beverages and fauit. Korbuva has no harbor, and has only one barge for passengers. When has a harbor where alcoholic be wrages and fruit are loaded. Ships take on special pilots (Lotsman) for passage through the iron gate. Above the harbor there is a point called Kladnica where a small number of ships and barges can spend the winter.

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